

YEAR 5 – AWESOME EARTH – SPRING 2



QUESTION: HOW DO PEOPLE SHAPE THE WORLD?



Human
features



Human
processes



Location



WEEKS OF TEACHING	LINE OF ENQUIRY	THRESHOLD CONCEPT	SUBSTANTIVE KNOWLEDGE	DISCIPLINARY KNOWLEDGE	CURRICULUM ENDPOINT
1	What on Earth Is Human Geography?"	Communicate geographically	- Human geography is about how people live, work, and interact with the environment. - Examples of human geography: cities, farming, transport, buildings, land use.	Describe and understand key aspects of.... human geography, including: settlements, land use, economic activity, and the distribution of natural resources including energy,	human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity and the distribution of natural resources including energy
2	Spot the Difference - What are different types of settlements?	- Investigate places - Investigate patterns	Hamlet – few houses and no services Village – larger with a church, shop or school Town – many services and larger populations City – many buildings, business and often a cathedral	- Use a range of geographical resources to give detailed descriptions and opinions of the characteristic features of a location. - Describe geographical diversity across the world.	
3	Why do settlers	Investigate places	Factors Affecting Settlement Location:	Identify and describe how the physical features affect the	

	choose specific places?	Investigate patterns	- Access to water (rivers, lakes, sea) - Fertile land for farming - Availability of natural resources (e.g. coal, oil, minerals) - Shelter and defence (e.g. hills, forests) - Transportation routes (roads, railways, rivers)	human activity within a location. Describe how locations around the world are changing and explain some of the reasons for change.	
4	Land use detectives- What is land used for?	Investigate places	Land use types – residential, commercial, agricultural, industrial and recreational Factors influencing land use: population, economy and transports - Land use can change due to development, government plans or needs	- Use a range of geographical resources to give detailed descriptions and opinions of the characteristic features of a locations - Identify and describe how the physical features affect the human activity within a location.	
5	Jobs around the world	- Investigate places - Investigate patterns	- Types of economic activity: primary (farming, mining), secondary (factories), tertiary (services), quaternary (research, IT). - Jobs depend on location and natural resources. - Economic activity links to settlement size and land use.	- Describe geographical diversity across the world. - Identify and describe how the physical features affect the human activity within a location.	
6	Renewable and Non-Renewable energy	Communicate geographically	- Natural resources: water, coal, oil, gas, wind, sunlight. - Energy types: renewable (solar, wind, hydro), non-renewable (coal, oil, gas). - The UK uses a mix of energy sources.	Describe and understand key aspects of.... human geography, including: the distribution of natural resources including energy,	

Assessment opportunity: Reflective journal - "How do people use the land and natural resources?"

